PRICE ONE CENT.

SUBMARINE GAVE ARABIC NO CHANCE, ALL AMERICAN SURVIVORS DECLARE

GERMANS TAKE Brazil's Mexican Envoy Calls at White House CITY OF NOVO

Kaiser Hastens to Congratulate General Von Beseler, Who Took Six Generals and 85,-000 Men Prisoners.

Fortress Surrendered After a Week of Steady Bombardment by Howitzers-Was Warsaw Defense.

LONDON, Aug. 20 .- The Petrograd correspondent of the Morning Post reported today that the Russians are seriously considering moving the capital from Petrograd to Moscow. This is not because of fear of a German advance on Petrograd, he reported, but because it is generally realized that Moscow is more ideally situated for the governmental seat.

LONDON, Aug. 20. - News agency dispatches today announce the capture of Novo Georgievsk, the Russian fortress north west of POLICE ON GUARD AS Warsaw, by the Germans.

Six Russian generals and 85,000 men were captured by General von Beseler's troops.

German howitzers have been battering at the fortress of Novo Only Family and Few of Closest Georgievsk since the fall of Warsaw, a fortnight ago. Instead of evacuating Novo Georgievsk, the Russian grand duke decided to leave within the fortress a garrison of about 50,000 to 75,000 men to block the German advance.

ON HIGH PLATEAU.

Standing at the junction of the Vistula and the Bug, upon a high plateau that enabled its guns to sweep the surrounding plain, Novo Georg evsk was considered one of the strongest fortresses of Russia. Napoleon first discovered its possibilities in 1807 and erected In late years the Russians improved the natural advantages of the position and designed a fortress to protect Warsaw from assault from the

A series of outer forts, two strong citadels, eight bridgehead positions, and a number of armed redoubts were counted upon to repel all enemy as saults. The Germans first invested the city when the Warsaw garrison retired, drew the ring tighter, and then begar systematically battering in the Novo Georgievsk forts. Four of the strongest (Continued on Page Twelve.)

KURDS MASSACRE ARMENIAN WOMEN

Thousand Mothers and Children Locked Up in Burning Building, Says Petrograd.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 20 .- One thousand Armenian women and children locked in a wooden building by Kurdish tribesmen near Van and the building then set on fire, according to dispatches received here today reporting the renewal of atrocities against the Armenians. A few of the women broke out, but the major'ty perished. In one village all the Armenians bu thirty-s'x were massacred by the Kurds, the dispatches said. In another, a score of women, after being mistreated, were bound, together with some children and thrown into Lake Van.



SENOR JOSE CARDOSA DE OLIVIERA.

LEO FRANK IS BURIED

Friends Attend Funeral of

NEW YORK, Aug. 20 .- The final chapter was written in the Frank case today when the body of the young victim of Georgia lynch law was buried in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

The funeral was strictly private, attended only by members of the family, and a very few close friends. A squad of twenty-five policemen kept the streets approaching the Frank home clear for half a block. There was no

door of the family residence.

AT ATLANTIC CITY

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 20 .- A fire, which has already gutted half a dozen small shops on the boardwalk and threatens the \$500,000 Strand Hotel and Haddon Hall, is raging along the entire square here between Pennsylvania North Carolina avenues.

HEAVY RAINS FLOOD

ST. LOUIS. Aug. 20.—A heavy rain, starting late Thursday, is still continuing this morning and has flooded residence sections in southwest St. Louis. Police have been unsuccessful in attempts to aid several families marooned in the upper stories of their dwellings. Telephone appeals for aid said portions of the South Side are under six feet of water.

Car tracks on many lines are covered, and many washed out.

A tunnel connecting the Clark street postoffice with the Union Station is half filled with water.

Several tuzs and dredgeboats are still missing. The destruction of the life-saving station at Surf Side, fifty miles below Galveston, has been confirmed.

In addition to the Leyland liner Nicorsian was attacked and damaged by a torpedo today. The opport.

Two members of the crew of the Dunsley, torpedoed near the same spot where the Arabic went down esterday, were drowned. Thirty-five other members of the crew were landed today. Thirteen British merchant vessels of a gross tonnage of 22,970 feil v.ctims to the German war zone decree during the week ended August 18, it is announced. Ten small fishing vessels also were sum.

The Bovic is a 6,583-ton steel twin screw steamer, built at Belfast in 1892. She is 470 feet in length with a fifty-three-foot beam. She was registered at the port of Liverpool. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 20.-A heavy rain,

Message Received at State Department From Four Generals, Saying They Will Stand or Fall With First Chief.

Secretary Lansing Thanks Minister Cardoso, Brazilian Envoy to Mexico, for Services to Nation.

Formal notices were served to day on Secretary of State Lansing and the Latin-American diplomats who took part in the recent Pan - American - Mexican conference, by four of Carranza's generals that they will stand or, fall by Carranza's response to the Pan-American appeal.

The communications received at the State Department today were from Gen. Candido Aguilar, governor and military commander of the State of Vera Cruz; Gen. Alfredo Elizondo, governor and mil-Michoacan; Gen. A. Ricaut, military commander of the garrison at Nuevo Laredo, and Gen. Francisco Murguia, one of Obregon's di-

THANKS CARDOSO.

Secretary Lansing availed himself to day of the opportunity to express in the warmest terms the appreciation which this Government feels for the admirable work of Segor Cardoso, the Brazilian minister to Mexico, who has for some time represented the United States at the Mexican capital.

Senor Cardoso, accompanied by mem pers of his family and suite, arrived in Washington this morning. They are grartered at the Willard, Ambassador (Continued on Page Twelve.)

FOUR STEAMERS ARE SUBMARNIE VICTIMS

In Twelve Hours German U-**Boats Sink Three British and** One Neutral Vessel.

LONDON, Aug. 20 .- Four more steam ers. including one neutral ship, have been torpedoed and sunk by German submarines within twelve hours.

Dispatches to shipping circles indicate some lives were lost when the Spanish steamer Pena Castille was sent to the bottom. Only three of her crew have been accounted for. Crews of the New York city, Baron Erskine and Reformel, were rescued.

It is also reported that the White Star Liner Bovic, a freight liner in the Australian service, has been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine. The report is not confirmed by the admiralty. In addition to the Leyland liner Nicor

sunk.

The Bovic is a 6,583-ton steel twin screw steamer, built at Belfast in 1892.

She is 470 feet in length with a fifty-three-foot beam. She was registered at

AMERICANS WHO SAILED ON ILL-FATED ARABIC

Following are the Americans known to be missing:

Bruguiere, Mrs. Josephine L.

Woods, Dr. Edmund, Janeville,

Following is a list of known American survivors, as given out today by the White Star offices in New York:

Day, John F. A. Brugulere, Louis, New York. McAllister, Rev. E. A., Cham-Burgess, Fred. bersburg, Pa. Burgess, Mrs. Fred. Calmon, James. ton, N. J. Calmon, Mrs. James. Collier, Philip W. A., Buffalo,

Collier, Mrs. Philip W. A., Buf-Covington, Zellah, New York. Covington, Mrs. Zellah, New McTammey, Christopher, Tren-Moore, Leopold P. Nebeker, A. H., Logan, Utah.

Nolan, John, Trenton, N. J. Roed, Claude, Schenectady, N.Y. Rowley, James M., Chicago, Ramadell, W. E. Shrimpton, Miss Sadie Syracuse, N. Y.

State Department advices add the following American survivors to the above list:

Oulihan, James H., Philadelphia. Elemore, Thomas, New York.

Olson, John, San Francisco Olschewski, John, Trenton, N. J. Press dispatches from Queenstown carry the following names of additional American survivors:

Hughes, William.

Martin, Frederick, Winston-Salem, N. C. Day, Miss L. G.

Liner's Sinking Seen As Germany's Answer To American Protest

Gravity of Diplomatic Situation Increased-President Takes Long Motor Trip to Consider Crisis Alone. Attack, Officials Fear.

Sinking of the White Star liner Arabic by a German submarine, itary commander of the State of without warning, and without giving the Americans on board a chance to escape with their lives, has greatly added to the gravity of the complications between the United States and Germany.

Sripped of all side issues and technicalities, this one fact looms

Germany has apparently given her answer to the note of July 21, in which the United States with solemn emphasis said it would regard as "deliberately unfriendly" further violations of the rights of American life a tsea. Germany has apparently elected to proceed to destroy passenger ships without warning.

INDICATES POLICY OF GERMANY. Under the circumstances, even more been under convoy, as stated in press

President

Wilson departed

Washington by automobile this morn-

ing bound for Philadelphia. He will re-

Awaiting Full Reports.

Secretary of State Lansing said this

norning that the Government was

awaiting full information. He would

Question of Convoy.

was under convoy, when her convo

ceased, and other technical questions

became of prominence today in connection with the sinking of the Ara-

Dispatches say the Arabic had been under convoy by British destroyers up to the point where it was believed danger of the German submarines had

passed. Then the warships turned

The question whether the Arabic

not discuss the situation.

mportance it attached to sinking of dispetches, changed her status. the Arabic as an index to German polcy rather than to the loss of the vessel It is apprehended that the destruc-

turn tonight. He went to consult an tion of the Arabic will be followed by oculist, but it is generally felt that in addition to this he desired to get away by himself and think over the remark-able situation which has arisen. Unthe destruction of other passenger liners and that no attention will be paid liners and that no attention will be paid to the principle of visit and search and warning to those on board.

If this proves true, then almost nothing can head off rupture of relations with Germany.

by himself and think over the remarkable situation which has arisen. Undoubtedly he realized that he could take no definite step until all the official facts had reached him and pending receipt of such information, he desired not to be harassed.

It is not yet clear that such a rupture will occur.

Some technical questions are being raised about the Arabic, chiefly the mestion of whether the fact she had Ambassador Page, Consul General Skinner, and Vice Consul Thompson at Queenstown are expected to send full reports as to the facts.

It did not escape notice today that the sinking of the Arabic occurred just at the time when the American Government had its hand more or less occupied with Maxico. The time for Mexican replies to the peace appeal will soon expire, ad then a nice problem will be presented for this Government. Has Germany seized on this as a good time to strike at the Arabic, thinking American attention more or less diverted?

SOCIETY WOMAN DIED ON BOARD THE ARABIC

Mrs. Josephine Sather Bruguiere Known in New York, Newport, and Paris.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.-Mrs. Joseph ne Sather Brugulere, of New York, one of the Americans on the Arabic believed to have been lost, was a prominent figure in New York, New port, and Paris society.

The State Department indicated today that a merchant vessel under con voy waived her rights as a merchaniship. However, it seems the Arabic ner mother a Spanish countess. Be fore her marriage she was Miss Joseph was not under convoy at the time.
Indications are that the German
government may raise the contention ine Sather, of San Francisco.

Her stepmother, who was wealthy, left \$700,000 to the University of California. Her father, who was for many years connected with Drexel & Co., Philadelphia bankers, founded the first that the Arabic was under convoy or under convoy when last seen by the submarine commander. This would raise a question of fact which would probably take time to clear up and perhaps tend to obscure the issue. bank in San Francisco, now known as the San Francisco National Bank. Mrs. Bruguiere was returning on the Arabic from Paris with her son, Louis, was graduated from Harvard in If the convoy was still in sight or in close proximity it might with force be argued that the Arabic was still under convoy. Officials here, conse-quently, will await with interest in-formation on this point.

ne son cabled relatives here today

DEATH TOLL NOW 48: TWO U. S. CITIZENS ARE AMONG MISSING

Tales of Bravery Unfolded by Passengers. Prima Donna Sang "Tipperary" in Life Boat-Captain Dove From Bridge to Save Women.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 20.—Grand Admiral von Tirpitz, of the German navy, has been decorated with the order Pour le Merite by the Kaiser, as the result of what the Kaiser called "Germany's increasing submarine successes," according to Berlin advices today.

LONDON, Aug. 20 (10a.m.).—Consul Frost, at Queenstown, reported to the American embassy here today that all American survivors are unanimous in their declaration that the Arabic was torpedoed without warning.

Unofficial figures received here today show that forty-eight lives were lost in the sinking of the Arabic, and that thirty of the 396 survivors were injured.

One of the missing passengers for whom all hope has been given up, is Mrs. Josephine Sather Bruguiere, an American society woman, prominent in New York, Newport, and Paris.

Only six of those lost were passengers. The others were officers and members of the crew, most of them being men in the fire and engine rooms who were killed in the explosion of the torpedo.

According to a later bulletin given out by the White Star line office here, twenty passengers still are missing.

The foregoing bulletin from London does not agree with figures given out by White Star officials in New York, who assert that only 423 persons were aboard the Arabic, and that only thirty-two were lost. The London estimate accounts for 444 persons on the

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 20.—No survivor of the Arabic disaster who was interviewed here today saw the submarine that sent the big liner to the bottom, although several said they saw the U-boat that a few minutes before torpedoed the British steamer Dunsley, and believed it was the same submarine. They agreed that the Arabic was sunk without warning.

From the moment the heavy blow struck by the torpedo rocked the steamer with a violent explosion, until she sank beneath the waves there was little confusion among either passengers or crew.

Men who had passed through other sea disasters said today that nothing impressed them as much as the calm, orderly manner in which the passengers got over the sides within eleven minutes after the vessel was struck.

BOAT CAUGHT BY LINER.

The drowned were in two boats which capsized almost immediately after they struck the water. One of them was caught by the liner as she rolled over in her death

Some of the occupants struggled to rafts and clung fast until they were picked up by other boats. Those that could not swim went down beneath the waves rolled up by the sinking Arabic. Several of the crew, it is believed certain, were blown to pieces when the torpedo plunged into the vessel's side.

Three things, the passengers agreed, prevented a larger loss of life; First, that the sea was calm; second. that lifeboats had previously been swung out to meet such an emergency, and, third, that there was no panic and the crew displayed good discipline in getting over the boats.

Many of the survivors landed here last night were suf-